FACTORS IN DETERMINING ALIMONY

In Armstrong v. Armstrong, 618 So. 2d 1278, 1280 (Miss. 1993), the Mississippi Supreme Court outlined twelve factors that must be considered by a chancellor in arriving at findings and entering a judgment for alimony. These factors are:

- 1. the income and expenses of the parties;
- 2. the health and earning capacity of the parties;
- 3. the needs of each party;
- 4. the obligations and assets of each party;
- 5. the length of the marriage;
- 6. the presence and absence of minor children in the home, which may require that one or both of the parties either pay, or personally provide child care;
- 7. the age of the parties;
- 8. the standard of living of the parties, both during the marriage and at the time of the support determination;
- 9. the tax consequences of the spousal support order;
- 10. any fault or misconduct;
- 11. wasteful dissipation of the assets by either party;
- 12. any other factor deemed by the court to be "just and equitable" in connection with the setting of spousal support.